



Public health nutrition for chronic disease control and prevention with rice bran and beans

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Whole grains and dry beans demonstrate compelling chronic disease fighting properties, yet consumption of these staple foods remain extremely low. A growing community-academic partnership is conducting clinical trials for increased consumption in children to adults.

Our main objectives are to:

- history of colorectal cancer (NCT01929122),
- 3) favorably modulate the blood and stool metabolome.

Meals and snacks were developed for inclusion of NBP and/or RB in amounts that equate to roughly 5-10% of total dietary intake. Participants completed a pilot placebo-controlled, randomized, single-blinded dietary intervention trial. They consumed study meals daily for 4 weeks and recorded 3-day dietary food logs each week. Blood and stool samples were collected at three time points for blood and stool metabolome, and stool microbiome analyses. Adding NBP or RB into foods provided 4-9% daily caloric intake with 80-100% intervention compliance. Dietary intake data at baseline confirms a western dietary pattern including low fiber, high sodium, and high fat intake. This dietary intervention significantly increased total dietary fiber intakes at 4-weeks (p<0.05). Adding NBP or RB into prepared meals represents an economically feasible and safe approach to achieve dietary intakes that may control or prevent chronic diseases. Our data suggest that NBP and RB are promising solutions that merit public health nutrition education and research attention.

Figure 1. Staple foods like rice bran (derived from whole grain rice) and dry beans merit public health attention for chronic disease prevention, including cardiovascular disease colorectal cancer. (A) One rice variety at each stage of processing for the bran and (B) Health benefits attributed to eating dry beans



Figure 2. A registered dietitian and certified chef developed seven meals and six snacks that included the addition of rice bran and/or navy bean powder.

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Butternut Squasn Soup	Blackberry Cobbler	
Mexican Chicken Bake	Caraway Crackers	
Pizza Margherita	Cranberry Apple Granola	22
Homemade Chili	Energy Date Bites	
Tomato Basil Soup	Strawberry Pineapple Smoothie	
Tuna Cheddar Casserole		

Snack Example:	Control	Navy Bean	Rice Bran	Combined
Banana Nut Muffin		Powder		(Rice Bran & Navy Bean)
Calories (kcal)	250	260	253	256
Protein (g)	7	10	7	8
Carbohydrates (g)	42	43	39	42
Fat (g)	8	8	10	9
Saturated Fat (g)	2	2	3	3
Fiber (g)	3	7	6	6
Iron (mg)	2	2	4	3
Vitamin C (mg)	4	4	4	5
Folate (µg)	45	53	43	48
Potassium (mg)	269	736	458	598
Sodium (mg)	124	129	222	113



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²Significance (p≤0.05) between study groups at Week 4



Nutrient	Control		Navy Bean Powder		Rice Bran		Combination	
	Baseline	Week 4	Baseline	Week 4	Baseline	Week 4	Baseline	Week 4
Calories (kcal)	$\begin{array}{rrr} 1470\pm & 381 \\ (1438) \end{array}$	1799 ± 402 (1730)	$\begin{array}{rrr} 1736\pm\ 287\\(1690)\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1864 \pm 408 \\ (1891) \end{array} $	1645 ± 385 (1606)	1624 ± 333 (1664)	1787±432 (1851)	1773 ± 33 (1765)
Protein (g)	60 ± 17 (55)	70 ± 22 (59)	$\begin{array}{c} 64\pm15\\(63)\end{array}$	70 ± 14 (69)	66 ± 21 (62)	64 ± 14 (62)	74 ± 23 (69)	68 ± 19 (68)
Fat (g)	54 ± 17 (54)	70 ± 15 (67)	$\begin{array}{c} 64\pm15\\(62)\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 66 \pm 11 \\ (69) \end{array}$	60 ± 19 (56)	$\begin{array}{c} 61\pm15\\(60)\end{array}$	69 ± 24 (68)	65 ± 21 (71)
Carbohydrate (g)	$192 \pm 58 \\ (181)$	$\begin{array}{c} 230\pm40\\(218)\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 230\pm40\\(227)\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 258\pm92\\ (264) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 214\pm44\\ (207)\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 217\pm43\\(222)\end{array}$	223 ± 41 (234) ³	242 ± 46 (249) ³
Fiber (g)	12 ± 6 (10) ¹	16 ± 6 (15) ²	16 ± 8 (16) ³	20 ± 5 $(21)^{2,3}$	17 ± 3 (17) ¹	$\begin{array}{c} 19\pm7\\(18)\end{array}$	17 ± 5 (17) ^{1,3}	22 ± 7 (23) ^{2,3}

Nutrient	Control			Navy Bean Powder			Rice Bran		
	Baselinea	Week 2	Week 4	Baselinea	Week 2	Week 4	Baselinea	Week 2	Week 4
s (kcal)	2,096 ± 818	2,065 ± 415	2,013 ± 481	1,919 ± 496	1,887 ± 515	1,916± 389	1,945 ± 283	1,882 ± 332	2,141 ± 519
	(1,894)	(2,106)	(1,820)	(1,765)	(1,724)	(1,882)	(1,953)	(1,929)	(2,006)
(g)	81 ± 32	84 ± 17	78 ± 19	73 ± 24	73 ± 22	74 ± 16	75 ± 9	83 ± 19	83 ± 21
	(84)	(88)	(76)	(70)	(71)	(82)	(75)	(82)	(76)
	84 ± 42	84 ± 22	78 ± 24	69 ± 25	65 ± 21	66 ± 16	77 ± 14	77 ± 15	82 ± 30
	(71)	(83) ¹	(77)	(63)	(65) ¹	(69)	(75)	(73)	(73)
vdrates (g)	268±114	247 ± 52	247 ± 60	251 ± 70	257 ± 65	266 ± 47	238 ± 57	227 ± 56	283 ± 79
	(253)	(233)	(226)	(229)	(223)	(254)	(253)	(215) ²	(245) ²
)	30 ± 18	27 ± 5	24 ± 7	20 ± 10	29 ± 7	33 ± 7	25 ± 8	32 ± 6	34 ± 7
	(22)	(26) ¹	(23) ¹	(16) ²	(28) ²	(31) ^{1,2}	(24) ²	(33) ^{1,2}	(37) ^{1,2}
g)	20 ± 14	15 ± 4	16 ± 5	11 ± 5	14 ± 3	15 ± 4	13 ± 4	20 ± 3	21 ± 6
	(18) ¹	(14) ¹	(16) ¹	(10) ^{1,2}	(14) ¹	(15) ^{1,2}	(13) ²	(19) ^{1,2}	(19) ^{1,2}
ium (mg)	392 ± 226	342 ± 156	346 ± 84	298 ± 225	365 ± 85	411 ± 83	305 ± 66	534 ± 63	521 ± 76
	(327)	(326) ¹	(341) ¹	(236) ²	(350) ^{1,2}	(394) ^{1,2}	(296) ²	(537) ^{1,2}	(513) ^{1,2}
g)	10 ± 4 (10) ¹	11 ± 3 (11)	10 ± 3 (10)	6 ± 2 (6) ^{1,2}	10 ± 4 (9) ²	9 ± 2 (9) ²	8 ± 2 (8) ²	11 ± 4 (10) ²	10 ± 3 (10) ²
B1 (Thiamin) (mg)	1.8 ± 1.4	1.2 ± 0.4	1.5 ± 0.4	1.0 ± 0.4	1.0 ± 0.2	1.2 ± 0.2	1.1 ± 0.2	2.0 ± 0.3	2.0 ± 0.3
	(1.4)	(1.2) ^{1,2}	(1.7) ^{1,2}	(1.1)	(1.0) ^{1,2}	(1.2) ^{1,2}	(1.1) ²	(2.0) ^{1,2}	$(2.1)^{1,2}$
B3 (Niacin) (mg)	18 ± 7	18 ± 6	19 ± 6	18 ± 12	16 ± 6	18 ± 6	18 ± 7	28 ± 3	27 ± 5
	(17)	(18) ¹	(19) ¹	(15)	(16) ¹	(17) ¹	(18) ²	(28) ^{1,2}	(26) ^{1,2}
B6 (mg)	1.6 ± 0.7	1.6 ± 0.3	1.7 ± 0.4	1.3 ± 0.5	1.4 ± 0.3	1.5 ± 0.5	1.4 ± 0.2	2.8 ± 0.2	2.9 ± 0.4
	(2.1)	(1.5) ¹	(1.7) ¹	(1.3) ²	(1.4) ¹	(1.5) ^{1,2}	(1.4) ²	(2.7) ^{1,2}	(2.7) ^{1,2}
olate (µg)	409 ± 257	327 ± 112	388±166	261 ± 129	292 ± 69	335 ± 67	278 ± 81	361 ± 94	355 ± 110
	(413)	(320)	(344)	(260) ²	(315)	(336) ²	(255) ²	(352) ²	(310)
ocopherol (mg)	13.0 ± 15.9	6.8 ± 3.6	6.8 ± 2.3	6.2 ± 4.8	6.1 ± 2.3	7.2 ± 3.5	5.6 ± 1.8	8.3 ± 1.5	8.8 ± 1.8
	(5.6)	(5.2) ¹	(7.6) ¹	(3.2)	(5.4) ¹	(5.5) ¹	(6.0) ²	(7.9) ^{1,2}	(8.4) ^{1,2}





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